

Financial Statements and Auditors' Report

Pajson Agro India Limited

(formerly known as Pajson Agro India Private Limited)

30 September 2025

P. K. Maheshwari & Co.

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Members of PAJSON AGRO INDIA LIMITED

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

1. We have audited the accompanying financial statements of **PAJSON AGRO INDIA LIMITED** (formerly known as Pajson Agro India Private Limited) ('the Company'), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 30 September 2025, the Statement of Profit and Loss and the Cash Flow Statement for the period then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of the significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.
2. In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act') in the manner so required and give a true and fair view, in conformity with the Accounting Standards specified under section 133 of the Act, read with the Companies (Accounting Standards) Rules, 2021 and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at 30 September 2025, and its profit and its cash flows for the period ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

3. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI') together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Information other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report thereon

4. The Company's Board of Directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Director Report, but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.



In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements, or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

5. The accompanying financial statements have been approved by the Company's Board of Directors. The Company's Board of Directors are responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation and presentation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the Accounting Standards specified under section 133 of the Act, read with the Companies (Accounting Standards) Rules, 2021 and other accounting principles generally accepted in India. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.
6. In preparing the financial statements, the Board of Directors is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Board of Directors either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

7. Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Standards on Auditing will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.
8. As part of an audit in accordance with Standards on Auditing, specified under section 143(10) of the Act we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:
 - Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control;



- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, under section 143(3)(i) of the Act we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls;
 - Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management;
 - Conclude on the appropriateness of Board of Directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern; and
 - Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
9. We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

10. With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of section 197(16) of the Act, as amended, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the remuneration paid by the Company to its directors during the year is in accordance with the provisions of section 197 read with Schedule V of the Act.
11. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ('the Order') issued by the Central Government of India in terms of section 143(11) of the Act we give in the Annexure- I a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.
12. Further to our comments in Annexure I, as required by section 143(3) of the Act based on our audit, we report, to the extent applicable, that:
- a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purpose of our audit of the accompanying financial statements;
 - b) in our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books;
 - c) The financial statements dealt with by this report are in agreement with the books of account;
 - d) In our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Accounting Standards) Rules, 2021;



- e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors and taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 30th September 2025 from being appointed as a director in terms of section 164(2) of the Act;
- f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of the Company as on 30th September 2025 and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate report in Annexure II wherein we have expressed an unmodified opinion; and
- g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 (as amended), in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
- i. The company does not have any pending litigation which would impact its financial position as at 30th September 2025;
 - ii. the Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses as at 30th September 2025;
 - iii. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company during the period ended 30th September 2025;
 - iv.
 - a. The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, as disclosed in note 41(vi) to the financial statements, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or securities premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any persons or entities, including foreign entities ('the intermediaries'), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ('the Ultimate Beneficiaries') or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf the Ultimate Beneficiaries;
 - b. The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, as disclosed in note 41(vii) to the financial statements, no funds have been received by the Company from any persons or entities, including foreign entities ('the Funding Parties'), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, whether directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ('Ultimate Beneficiaries') or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries; and
 - c. Based on such audit procedures performed as considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the management representations under sub-clauses (a) and (b) above contain any material misstatement.
 - v. The company has not declared or paid any dividend during the period April to 30 September 2025.



vi. Based on our examination which included test checks, the Company, in respect of financial year commencing on 1 April 2025, has used an accounting software for maintaining its books of account which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility and the same has been operated throughout the period for all relevant transactions recorded in the software except that, The accounting software used for maintenance of accounting records of the Company is operated by a third-party software service provider. In the absence of any information on existence of audit trail (edit log) for any direct changes made at database level. we are unable to comment on whether the audit trail feature with respect to the database of the said software was enabled and operated throughout the period as described in note 47 to the financial statements. Further, during the course of our audit we did not come across any instance of audit trail feature being tampered with where such feature is enabled.

For P. K. Maheshwari & Co.
Chartered Accountants
Firm's Registration No.: 000977N



Gunjan Audichya
Partner
Membership No.: 555184



UDIN: 25555184BMJNEJ2901

Date: 18-11-2025
Place: New Delhi

Annexure I referred to in paragraph 12 of the Independent Auditor's Report of even date to the members of PAJSON AGRO INDIA LIMITED on the financial statements for the period ended 30 September 2025 (cont'd)

In terms of the information and explanations sought by us and given by the Company and the books of account and records examined by us in the normal course of audit and to the best of our knowledge and belief, we report that:

- (i) (a)
- A. The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of property, plant and equipment and capital work-in- progress.
 - B. The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars of intangible assets.
- (b) The property, plant and equipment have been physically verified by the management during the period and no material discrepancies were noticed on such verification. In our opinion, the frequency of physical verification program adopted by the Company, is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its assets.
- (c) The title deed of all the immovable properties of the company are held in the name of the company.
- (d) The Company has not revalued its property, plant and equipment (including right-of-us assets) or intangible assets during the period.
- (e) According to the information, explanation and representation given to us by the Management, no proceedings have been initiated or are pending against the Company for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and rules made thereunder
- (ii)
- (a) The management has conducted physical verification of inventory at reasonable intervals during the period, except for goods-in-transit and inventory lying with third parties. In our opinion, the coverage and procedure of such verification by the management is appropriate and no discrepancies of 10% or more in the aggregate for each class of inventory were noticed as compared to book records. In respect of inventory lying with third parties, these have been confirmed by the third parties and in respect of goods-in-transit, these have been confirmed from corresponding receipt and dispatch inventory records.
 - (b) The Company has been sanctioned working capital limits in excess of five crores, in aggregate, from banks on the basis of security of current assets. In our opinion returns or statements filed by the company with such banks are in agreement with the unaudited books of account of the company except that in the quarter ended June 25 there is some discrepancy between the stock reported in unaudited books of accounts and those submitted to the bank, due to a under reporting of book debts as reported in note 42 to the financial statements.
- (iii) The Company has not made any investment in, provided any guarantee or security or granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans, secured or unsecured to companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships (LLPs) or any other parties during the period. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(iii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.



- (iv) The Company has not entered into any transaction covered under sections 185 and 186 of the Act. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(iv) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (v) In our opinion, and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not accepted any deposits or there are no amounts which have been deemed to be deposits within the meaning of sections 73 to 76 of the Act and the Companies (Acceptance of Deposits) Rules, 2014 (as amended). Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(v) of the Order is not applicable to the company.
- (vi) The Central Government has not specified maintenance of cost records under sub-section (1) of section 148 of the Act in respect of the products of the Company. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(vi) of the order is not applicable to the company.
- (vii)
- (a) In our opinion, and according to the information and explanations given to us, undisputed statutory dues including goods and services tax, provident fund, employees' state insurance, income-tax, sales-tax, service tax, duty of customs, duty of excise, value added tax, cess and other material statutory dues, as applicable, have generally been regularly deposited with the appropriate authorities by the Company, though there have been slight delays in a few cases.

However, the following undisputed statutory dues were in arrears as at the balance sheet date for the period of more than six months from the date they become payable

Name of the Statute	Nature of Dues	Period to which amount relates	Amount (In Lakhs)	Due Date	Date of Payment
The Employee's Provident Funds And Miscellaneous Provision Act, 1952	Provident Fund	From January 2022	1.87*	*	Not Paid
Employee's State Insurance Act, 1948	ESIC	From January 2022	0.007*	*	Not Paid
The Employee's Provident Funds And Miscellaneous Provision Act, 1952	Provident Fund	April 2024	0.28**	15-05-2024	Not Paid
The Employee's Provident Funds And Miscellaneous Provision Act, 1952	Provident Fund	May 2024	0.25**	15-06-2024	Not Paid
The Employee's Provident Funds And Miscellaneous Provision Act, 1952	Provident Fund	June 2024	0.35**	15-07-2024	Not Paid



The Employee's Provident Funds And Miscellaneous Provision Act, 1952	Provident Fund	July 2024	0.45**	15-08-2024	Not Paid
The Employee's Provident Funds And Miscellaneous Provision Act, 1952	Provident Fund	August 2024	0.37**	15-09-2024	Not Paid
The Employee's Provident Funds And Miscellaneous Provision Act, 1952	Provident Fund	September 2024	0.43**	15-10-2024	Not Paid
The Employee's Provident Funds And Miscellaneous Provision Act, 1952	Provident Fund	October 2024	0.29**	15-11-2024	Not Paid
The Employee's Provident Funds And Miscellaneous Provision Act, 1952	Provident Fund	November 2024	0.36**	15-12-2024	Not Paid
The Employee's Provident Funds And Miscellaneous Provision Act, 1952	Provident Fund	December 2024	0.24**	15-01-2025	Not Paid
The Employee's Provident Funds And Miscellaneous Provision Act, 1952	Provident Fund	January 2025	0.53**	15-02-2025	Not Paid
The Employee's Provident Funds And Miscellaneous Provision Act, 1952	Provident Fund	February 2025	0.65**	15-03-2025	Not Paid
Employee's State Insurance Act,1948	ESIC	April 2024	0.01**	15-05-2024	Not Paid
Employee's State Insurance Act,1948	ESIC	May 2024	0.01**	15-06-2024	Not Paid
Employee's State Insurance Act,1948	ESIC	June 2024	0.009**	15-07-2024	Not Paid
Employee's State Insurance Act,1948	ESIC	July 2024	0.01**	15-08-2024	Not Paid
Employee's State Insurance Act,1948	ESIC	August 2024	0.02**	15-09-2024	Not Paid
Employee's State Insurance Act,1948	ESIC	September 2024	0.02**	15-10-2024	Not Paid
Employee's State Insurance Act,1948	ESIC	October 2024	0.24**	15-11-2024	Not Paid
Employee's State Insurance Act,1948	ESIC	November 2024	0.22**	15-12-2024	Not Paid



Employee's State Insurance Act, 1948	ESIC	December 2024	0.19**	15-01-2025	Not Paid
Employee's State Insurance Act, 1948	ESIC	January 2025	0.24**	15-02-2025	Not Paid
Employee's State Insurance Act, 1948	ESIC	February 2025	0.13**	15-03-2025	Not Paid
The Andhra Pradesh (Agricultural Produce and Livestock Markets Act, 1966	APMC (Market Fees)	April 2024	3.04	25-05-2024	Not paid
The Andhra Pradesh (Agricultural Produce and Livestock Markets Act, 1966	APMC (Market Fees)	May 2024	1.00	25-06-2024	Not paid
The Andhra Pradesh (Agricultural Produce and Livestock Markets Act, 1966	APMC (Market Fees)	June 2024	0.71	25-07-2024	Not paid
The Andhra Pradesh (Agricultural Produce and Livestock Markets Act, 1966	APMC (Market Fees)	July 2024	0.20	25-08-2024	Not paid
The Andhra Pradesh (Agricultural Produce and Livestock Markets Act, 1966	APMC (Market Fees)	August 2024	2.42	25-09-2024	Not paid
The Andhra Pradesh (Agricultural Produce and Livestock Markets Act, 1966	APMC (Market Fees)	September 2024	0.07	25-10-2024	Not paid
The Andhra Pradesh (Agricultural Produce and Livestock Markets Act, 1966	APMC (Market Fees)	October 2024	0.27	25-11-2024	Not paid
The Andhra Pradesh (Agricultural Produce and Livestock Markets Act, 1966	APMC (Market Fees)	November 2024	0.36	25-12-2024	Not paid
The Andhra Pradesh (Agricultural Produce and Livestock Markets Act, 1966	APMC (Market Fees)	December 2024	0.45	25-01-2025	Not paid
The Andhra Pradesh (Agricultural Produce and Livestock Markets Act, 1966	APMC (Market Fees)	January 2025	2.85	25-02-2025	Not paid
The Andhra Pradesh (Agricultural Produce and Livestock Markets Act, 1966	APMC (Market Fees)	February 2025	2.90	25-03-2025	Not paid



*Company is unable to deposit outstanding amount due to non-adherence of AADHAAR authentication of some employees which are outstanding more than six months.

**Some contractors have not fulfilled their obligation to deposit the required Provident Fund (PF) and Employees' State Insurance Corporation (ESIC) contributions. Consequently, the responsibility has transferred to the principal employer, rendering the Company liable for these statutory payments. However, in the absence of essential information from the contractors, the Company is presently unable to deposit such dues. The management is diligently assessing all viable options to ensure compliance and expedite the deposit of the outstanding amounts (refer note 9 to the financial statements).

(b) According to the information and explanations given to us, we report that there are no statutory dues referred in sub-clause (a) which have not been deposited with the appropriate authorities on account of any dispute

(viii) According to the information and explanations given to us, we report that no transactions were surrendered or disclosed as income during the period in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (43 of 1961) which have not been previously recorded in the books of accounts.

(ix)

(a) Based on the examination of records and information and explanation given to us, the Company has not defaulted in repayment of its loans and payment of interest to any lenders as at September 30, 2025.)

(b) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of the audit procedures, we report that the Company has not been declared as willful defaulter by any banks, financial institution or government or any government authority.

(c) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us and as per the records of the Company examined by us, term loan have been applied for the purpose for which they were obtained.

(d) According to the information and explanations given to us and as per the records of the Company examined by us, no funds raised on short term basis have been utilized for the long-term purpose.

(e) According to the information and explanations given to us and as per the records of the Company examined by us, the Company has not raised any funds from any entity and person on account of or to meet the obligations of its subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures as defined under the Act.

(f) According to the information and explanations given to us and procedures performed by us, we report that the company has not raised loans during the period on the pledge of securities held in its subsidiaries, joint ventures or associate companies (as defined under the Act)

(x)

(a) The Company has not raised any money by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments), during the period. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(x)(a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

(b) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or (fully, partially or optionally) convertible debentures during the period. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(x)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.



- (xi)
- (a) To the best of our knowledge and according to the information and explanations given to us, no fraud by the Company or no material fraud on the Company has been noticed or reported during the period covered by our audit.
- (b) According to the information and explanations given to us including the representation made to us by the management of the Company, no report under sub-section 12 of section 143 of the Act has been filed by the auditors in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, with the Central Government for the period covered by our audit.
- (c) According to the information and explanations given to us including the representation made to us by the management of the Company, there are no whistle-blower complaints received by the Company during the period.
- (xii) The Company is not a Nidhi Company and the Nidhi Rules, 2014 are not applicable to it. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(xii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (xiii) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, all transactions entered into by the company, with the related parties are in compliance with section 188 of the Act. The details of such related party transactions have been disclosed in the financial statements etc., as required under Accounting Standard (AS) 18, Related Party Disclosures specified in Companies (Accounting Standard) Rules, 2021 as prescribed under section 133 of the Act. Further, according to the information and explanation given to us, the company is required to constitute an audit committee under section 177 of the act. However, the company was converted from a private limited company to a public limited company on 8th February 2025, and it is in the process of constituting an audit committee.
- (xiv) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the company is not required to have an internal audit system under section 138 of the Act and consequently, does not have an internal audit system, Accordingly, reporting under clause (xiv) of the order is not applicable to the company.
- (xv) According to the information and explanation given to us, the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with its directors or persons connected with its directors and accordingly, reporting under clause 3(xv) of the Order with respect to compliance with the provisions of section 192 of the Act are not applicable to the Company.
- (xvi)
- (a) The Company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Accordingly, reporting under clauses 3(xvi)(a), (b) and (c) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- (b) Based on the information and explanations given to us and as represented by the management of the Company, the Group (as defined in Core Investment Companies (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016) does not have any CIC.



(xvii) The Company has not incurred any cash losses in the current financial year as well as the immediately preceding financial year.

(xviii) There has been no resignation of the statutory auditor during the year.

(xix) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realization of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information in the financial statements, our knowledge of the plans of the Board of Directors and management and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report indicating that Company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the company as and when they fall due.

(xx)

(a) The Company has fully spent the required amount towards Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) and there is no unspent CSR amount for the year requiring a transfer to a Fund specified in Schedule VII to the Companies Act or special account in compliance with the provision of sub-section (6) of section 135 of the said Act. Accordingly, reporting under clause (xx) of the Order is not applicable for the year.

(b) In respect of ongoing projects, the company does not have any unspent corporate social responsibility (CSR) amount as at the end of the previous financial year and also at the end of the current financial year. Hence, reporting under this clause is not applicable for the year.

(xxi) The reporting under clause 3(xxii) of the Order is not applicable in respect of audit of financial statements of the Company. Accordingly, no comment has been included in respect of said clause under this report.

For **P. K. Maheshwari & Co.**
Chartered Accountants
Firm's Registration No.: 000977N



Gunjan Audichya
Partner

Membership No: 555184

UDIN: 25555184BMJNEJ2901



Place: New Delhi

Date: 18-11-2025

Annexure II

Independent Auditor's Report on the internal financial controls with reference to the financial statements under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act')

1. In conjunction with our audit of the financial statements **PAJSON AGRO INDIA LIMITED** (formerly known as Pajson Agro India Private limited) ('the Company') as at and for the period ended 30 September 2025, we have audited the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of the Company as at that date.

Responsibilities of Management for Internal Financial Controls

2. The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal financial controls with respect to the financial statement criteria established by the company considering essential components of internal control stated in Guidance note on audit of internal financial control over financial reporting ("the Guidance Note") issued by the institute of Chartered Accountants of India ("the ICAI"). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of the Company's business, including adherence to the Company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Internal Financial Controls with Reference to Financial Statements

3. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing issued by the ICAI prescribed under Section 143(10) of the Act, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements, and the Guidance Note issued by the ICAI. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements were established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.
4. Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements includes obtaining an understanding of such internal financial controls, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.
5. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls with Reference to Financial Statements

6. A company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements include those policies and procedures that
 - (i) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company;
 - (ii) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and



- (iii) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls with Reference to Financial Statements

7. Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

8. In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements and such controls were operating effectively as at 30 September 2025, based on internal financial control with reference to financial statements criteria established by the Company considering the essential component of internal control stated in the Guidance note issued by the ICAI.

For **P. K. Maheshwari & Co.**

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No.: 000977N



Gunjan Audichya

Partner

Membership No: 555184



UDIN: 25555184BMJNEJ2901

Place: New Delhi

Date: 18-11-2025

Pajson Agro India Limited
(Formerly Known as Pajson Agro India Private Limited)
CIN:U01100DL2021PLC386740
Balance Sheet as at 30 September 2025.
(All amounts are in Rs lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

	Notes	As at 30 September 2025	As at 31 March 2025
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Shareholders' funds			
Share capital	2	1,750.00	350.00
Reserves and surplus	3	4,092.10	4,071.00
		<u>5,842.10</u>	<u>4,421.00</u>
Non-current liabilities			
Long-term Borrowings	4	7.17	9.64
Deferred Tax Liabilities	5	135.16	117.53
Long-term provisions	6	36.49	22.26
		<u>178.82</u>	<u>149.44</u>
Current liabilities			
Short Term Borrowings	7	3,996.77	1,447.37
Trade payables	8		
Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises		49.74	13.78
Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises		4,773.66	303.06
Other current liabilities	9	313.74	238.71
Short-term provisions	10	8.02	9.14
		<u>9,141.94</u>	<u>2,012.06</u>
		<u>15,162.85</u>	<u>6,582.50</u>
ASSETS			
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment and intangible assets	11		
Property, plant and equipment		3,986.78	2,809.65
Intangible assets		1.97	2.23
Capital work-in-progress		-	306.87
Long-term loans and advances	12	51.06	160.96
Other non-current assets	13	-	1.17
		<u>4,039.81</u>	<u>3,280.87</u>
Current assets			
Inventories	14	6,959.46	1,403.92
Trade receivables	15	1,880.42	352.21
Cash and bank balances	16	1,376.71	511.64
Short-term loans and advances	17	860.62	991.59
Other current assets	18	45.83	42.27
		<u>11,123.04</u>	<u>3,301.63</u>
		<u>15,162.85</u>	<u>6,582.50</u>
Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information	1		

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements

This is the Balance Sheet referred to in our report of even date

For P. K. Maheshwari & Co.
Chartered Accountants
Firm's Registration No.: 000977N



Gunjan Audichya
(Partner)
Membership No. 555184



UDIN: 25555184BMJNEJ2901

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of
Pajson Agro India Limited



Aayush Jain
Chairman &
Managing Director

DIN : 09323690

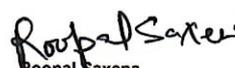


Anjali Jain
Whole Time Director

DIN : 09323689



Ajit Kumar
Chief Financial Officer
PAN - BBAPK0349A



Roopal Saxena
Company Secretary
Membership No. A69189



Place: New Delhi
Date: 18-11-2025

Place: New Delhi
Date: 18-11-2025

Pajson Agro India Limited
(Formerly Known as Pajson Agro India Private Limited)
CIN:U01100DL2021PLC386740
Statement of profit & loss for the period ended 30 September 2025.
(All amounts are in Rs lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

	Notes	For the period ended 30 September 2025	For the year ended 31 March 2025
Income			
Revenue from operations	19	11,837.07	18,726.83
Other income	20	0.24	1.11
Total income		11,837.30	18,727.95
Expenses			
Cost of materials consumed	21	9,607.99	12,341.68
Purchases of stock-in-trade	22	88.57	1,168.49
Changes in inventories of finished goods, work-in-progress and stock-in-trade	23	(1,466.48)	155.18
Employee benefits expense	24	548.87	944.97
Finance costs	25	106.70	155.36
Depreciation and amortisation expense	11	98.29	138.44
Other expenses	26	951.65	1,091.53
Total expenses		9,935.59	15,995.65
Profit before tax		1,901.71	2,732.30
Tax expense			
Current tax		462.99	658.31
Deferred tax charge		17.63	33.32
Total tax expense		480.62	691.64
Profit for the year		1,421.09	2,040.66
Earnings per share:			
Basic and diluted (nominal value per share Rs. 10/-)	27	8.12	11.66

Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information 1

Background and significant accounting policies 1

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements

This is the Statement of Profit and Loss referred to in our report of even date.

For P. K. Maheshwari & Co.
Chartered Accountants
Firm's Registration No.: 000977N


Gurjan Audichya
(Partner)

Membership No. 555184



UDIN: 8SSSS184BMJNEJ2901

Place: New Delhi
Date: 18-11-2025

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of
Pajson Agro India Limited


Aayush Jain

Chairman &
Managing Director

DIN : 09323690

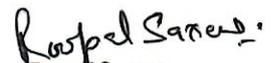

Anjali Jain

Whole Time Director

DIN : 09323689


Ajit Kumar
Chief Financial Officer
PAN - BBAPK0349A

Place: New Delhi
Date:18-11-2025


Roopal Saxena
Company Secretary
Membership No. A69189



Pajson Agro India Limited
(Formerly Known as Pajson Agro India Private Limited)
CIN:U01100DL2021PLC386740
Cash Flow Statement for the period ended 30 September 2025
(All amounts are in Rs lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

	For the period ended 30 September 2025	For the year ended 31 March 2025
Cash flows from operating activities		
Profit before tax	1,901.71	2,732.30
Adjustments for :		
Depreciation and amortisation expense	98.29	138.44
Loss on sale of property, plant and equipment	4.46	0.78
Unrealised gain on foreign currency transactions and translation (net)	84.18	(3.36)
Provision of Gratuity	12.87	20.02
Provision of Leave Encashment	1.67	2.76
Provision for MSME interest	0.16	0.22
Interest income	(0.03)	(0.21)
Finance costs	106.54	155.15
Operating profit before working capital changes	2,209.85	3,046.09
Changes in working capital:		
in inventories	(5,555.54)	787.24
in trade receivables	(1,528.21)	(44.57)
in loans and advances and other current assets	128.60	(371.32)
in trade payables and other current liabilities	4,497.41	(1,043.46)
in provisions (long and short term)	(1.59)	8.41
in long-term liabilities	(2.47)	9.64
Cash generated from operations	(2,461.80)	(654.06)
Income taxes paid (net of refunds)	(462.99)	(658.31)
Net cash generated from operating activities (A)	(714.94)	1,733.71
Cash flows from investing activities		
Purchase of property, plant and equipment including capital work in progress	(864.36)	(1,122.38)
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment	1.50	9.88
Interest income	-	0.15
Proceeds from / (investments in) fixed deposits	-	-
Net cash used in investing activities (B)	(862.86)	(1,112.34)
Cash flows from financing activities		
Dividend paid	-	-
Proceeds from Short term borrowings	2,549.41	(10.03)
Finance cost	(106.54)	(155.15)
Net cash used in financing activities (C)	2,442.86	(165.17)
Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)	865.07	456.20
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year	511.64	55.44
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year	1,376.71	511.64

Notes :

1. Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year includes -

Cash on hand	2.93	3.67
Cheques on hand	-	-
Balances with bank	-	-
- on current accounts	23.77	507.97
Other Bank Balances	1,350.00	-
	1,376.71	511.64

2. The Cash Flow Statement has been prepared in accordance with 'Indirect method' as set out in the Accounting Standard - 3 (Cash Flow Statements) as notified under Section 133 of the Companies Act 2013.

This is the Cash Flow Statement referred to in our report of even date.

For P. K. Maheshwari & Co.
Chartered Accountants
Firm's Registration No.: 000977N

Gurvan Audichya
Partner
Membership No. 555184

UDIN: 25555124BMJNEJ2901



For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of
Pajson Agro India Limited

Aayush Jain
Aayush Jain
Chairman & Managing Director
DIN : 09323690

Anjali Jain
Anjali Jain
Whole Time Director
DIN : 09323689

Ajit Kumar
Ajit Kumar
Chief Financial Officer
PAN - BBAPK0349A

Roopal Saxena
Roopal Saxena
Company Secretary
Membership No. A69189



Place: New Delhi
Date: 18-11-2025

Place: New Delhi
Date: 18-11-2025

PAJSON AGRO INDIA LIMITED

(Formerly known as Pajson Agro India Private Limited)

Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the period ended 30 September 2025

(All amounts are in Rs. lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

1. Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information

1.1. Background

PAJSON AGRO INDIA LIMITED (formerly known as PAJSON AGRO INDIA PRIVATE LIMITED) (the "Company") was incorporated in India on 17 November 2021 and having its registered office at Office no. 510, 5th Floor, Pearl Omaxe Tower, Netaji Subhash Place, Pitampura, Shakur Pur I Block, North West Delhi, Delhi, India, 110034. Subsequently, Company was converted into Public Limited Company vide special resolution passed by our shareholders at the Extra Ordinary General Meeting held on December 24, 2024 and the name of the company was changed to PAJSON AGRO INDIA LIMITED pursuant to issuance of Fresh Certificate of Incorporation dated 8th February 2025 by Registrar of Companies, Delhi. The Corporate Identification Number of our company U01100DL2021PLC386740

The company is in the business of manufacturing and trading of Cashew Kernels and other dry fruit commodities having cashew manufacturing unit at Vishakhapatnam, Andhra Pradesh.

1.2. Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements are prepared under historical cost convention on an accrual basis, in accordance with the generally accepted accounting principles in India and including the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 (the 'Act') read with the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2021 (as amended), pronouncements of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, to the extent applicable. The Company has followed presentation and disclosures requirements are as per Schedule III (amended) notified under the Act.

These financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees (Rs.), which is also the Company's functional currency. All amounts have been rounded-off to the nearest lakhs and two decimals thereof, unless otherwise indicated. Transactions and balances with values below the rounding off norm adopted by the Company have been reflected as "0" in the relevant notes in these financial statements.



1.3. Use of estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities as of the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from these estimates and such differences are recognised in the period in which such results are known / materialise. Any revision to accounting estimates is recognised prospectively in current and future periods. Examples of such estimates include provisions for doubtful debts, income taxes, and the useful lives of Property, Plant and Equipment and intangible assets.

1.4. Current-non-current classification

All assets and liabilities are classified into current and non-current.

Assets

An asset is classified as current when it satisfies any of the following criteria:

- (a) it is expected to be realised in, or is intended for sale or consumption in, the Company's normal operating cycle;
- (b) it is held primarily for the purpose of being traded;
- (c) it is expected to be realised within 12 months after the reporting date; or
- (d) it is cash or cash equivalent unless it is restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least 12 months after the reporting date.

Current assets include the current portion of non-current financial assets. All other assets are classified as non-current.

Liabilities

A liability is classified as current when it satisfies any of the following criteria:

- (a) it is expected to be settled in the Company's normal operating cycle;
- (b) it is held primarily for the purpose of being traded;
- (c) it is due to be settled within 12 months after the reporting date; or
- (d) the Company does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting date. Terms of a liability that could, at the option of the counterparty, result in its settlement by the issue of equity instruments do not affect its classification.

Current liabilities include current portion of non-current financial liabilities. All other liabilities are classified as non-current.



Operating cycle

The operating cycle is the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realisation in cash or cash equivalents. Based on the nature of operations and the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realisation in cash and cash equivalents, the Company has ascertained its operating cycle being a period of 12 months for the purpose of classification of assets and liabilities as current and non-current.

1.5. Property, plant and equipment and depreciation

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and / or accumulated impairment loss, if any. The cost of property, plant and equipment includes non-refundable taxes and duties, freight and other incidental expenses related to the acquisition and installation of the respective items of property, plant and equipment.

Subsequent expenditures related to an item of property, plant and equipment are added to its book value only if they increase the future benefits from the existing asset beyond its previously assessed standard of performance. All other expenses on existing property, plant and equipment, including day-to-day repair and maintenance expenditure and cost of replacing parts, are charged to the statement of profit and loss for the year during which such expenses are incurred.

Depreciation on tangible assets is provided on the straight-line method. Depreciation is provided over the useful lives of assets estimated by the management which are equal to the useful lives prescribed under Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013.

Useful Life of Property, Plant and Equipments

Category	Useful Life
Computer & Accessories	3 years
Furniture & Fittings	10 years
Building	30 years
Plant & Machinery	15 years
Vehicles – Motor Car	8 years

The useful lives are reviewed by the management periodically and revised, if appropriate. In case of a revision, the unamortised depreciable amount is charged over the revised remaining useful life.



Depreciation on additions to property, plant and equipment is provided on pro-rata basis from the date the assets are ready for use. Depreciation on sale / deletion from property, plant and equipment is provided up to the date of sale / deletion.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognized from the financial statements on disposal or when no further benefit is expected from its use and disposal.

Gains or losses arising from derecognition of property, plant and equipment are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognised in the statement of profit and loss when the asset is derecognised.

Capital work in-progress represents expenditure incurred in respect of assets which are yet to be brought to it working condition for its intended use and are carried at cost. Cost includes related acquisition expenses, construction or development cost, borrowing costs capitalised and other direct expenditure.

1.6. Intangible assets and amortisation

Intangible assets are carried at cost less accumulated amortisation and / or accumulated impairment loss, if any. Intangible assets are recognised when the asset is identifiable, is within the control of the Company, it is probable that the future economic benefits that are attributable to the asset will flow to the Company and cost of the asset can be reliably measured.

Intangible assets are amortised on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life as specified in Schedule II of the Companies Act 2013. The amortisation expense on intangible assets with finite lives is recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

Computer software is amortised over six years and other intangibles (including goodwill) are amortised over a period of five years. The estimated useful life of intangible assets is reviewed by management at each Balance Sheet date.

Amortisation is provided on a pro-rata basis i.e. from the date on which asset is ready for use.

An intangible asset is derecognised on disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use and disposal. Losses arising from retirement and gains or losses arising from disposal of an intangible asset are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognised in the statement of profit and loss.



1.7. Investments

Investments that are readily realisable and intended to be held for not more than a year from the date of acquisition are classified as current investments. All other investments are classified as long-term investments. However, that part of long-term investments which is expected to be realised within 12 months after the reporting date is presented under current assets as "current portion of long-term investments".

Long-term investments (including current portion thereof) are carried at cost less any other-than-temporary diminution in value, determined separately for each category of investments.

Current investments are carried at the lower of cost and fair value. The comparison of cost and fair value is done separately in respect of each category of investments.

Any reductions in the carrying amount and any reversals of such reductions are charged or credited to the Statement of Profit and Loss.

1.8. Revenue recognition

Revenue is measured Based On consideration received or receivable and represents amounts receivable for goods provided in the normal course of business, net of discounts and other sales-related taxes. Revenue is recognised once the performance obligation has been met. This is deemed to be when the goods have been collected by, or delivered to, the customer in accordance with the agreed delivery terms.

Revenue is recognized to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured in accordance with AS-9, Revenue Recognition as prescribed by ICAI. Sales are recognized on accrual basis, and only after transfer of goods to the customer.

Interest Income: Interest Income is recognized on accrual basis after taking into account the amount outstanding and the rate applicable.

Other Income: Other items of income and expenditure are recognized on accrual basis and as a going concern basis, and the accounting policies are consistent with the generally accepted accounting policies.

Insurance and other claims are accounted for on acceptance / actual receipt basis.



1.9. Inventories

Raw material, stores and spares and packing materials are valued at lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost includes purchase price, other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition, and includes non-refundable taxes. The cost is determined on the basis of First in First Out method. Cost of conversion are allocated on finished goods on the relative sales value of each product at the completion of production. Materials and other items held for use in the production of inventories are not written down below cost if the finished goods in which they will be incorporated are expected to be sold at or above cost. Obsolete, slow moving and defective inventories are identified at the time of physical verification and wherever necessary a provision is made.

Cost of work-in-progress includes appropriate proportion of overhead.

Finished goods are valued at lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost of inventories of finished goods includes cost of raw materials, direct and indirect overheads which are incurred to bring the inventories to their present location and condition.

By-products are valued at net realisable value.

Stock in trade are valued at lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost of stock-in-trade includes cost of purchase and other cost incurred in bringing the inventories to the present location and condition.

Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

1.10. Impairment of Assets

The carrying amounts of property, plant and equipment including intangible assets are reviewed at each Balance Sheet date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, the assets' recoverable amount is estimated, as the higher of the net selling price and the value in use, which means the present value of future cash flows expected to arise from the continuing use of the asset and its eventual disposal. An impairment loss is recognised whenever the carrying amount of an asset or its cash-generating unit exceeds its recoverable amount. If at the Balance Sheet date, there is an indication that a previously assessed impairment loss no longer exists, the recoverable amount is reassessed and the asset is reflected at the recoverable amount subject to a maximum of depreciable historical cost. Reversal of impairment loss is recognized immediately as income in the profit and loss account.



1.11. Employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits

Employee benefits payable wholly within twelve months of rendering the service are classified as short- term employee benefits and are recognised in the period in which the employee renders the related services.

Post-employment benefits

Defined benefit plans

The Company's gratuity is a defined benefit plan. The Company's net obligation in respect of a defined benefit plan is calculated by estimating the amount of future benefit that employees have earned in return for their service in the current and prior periods; that benefit is discounted to determine its present value. Any unrecognized past service costs and the fair value of any plan assets are deducted. The calculation of the Company's obligation is performed annually by a qualified actuary using the projected unit credit method.

The Company recognizes all actuarial gains and losses arising from defined benefit plans immediately in the Statement of Profit and Loss. All expenses related to defined benefit plans are recognized in employee benefits expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss. When the benefits of a plan are improved, the portion of the increased benefit related to past service by employees is recognized in Statement of Profit and Loss on a straight line basis over the average period until the benefits become vested. The Company recognizes gains and losses on the curtailment or settlement of a defined benefit plan when curtailment or settlement occurs.

Defined contribution plans

The Company makes specified monthly contributions towards employees' provident fund, employees' state insurance and superannuation fund schemes, which are defined contribution plans. The Company's contribution is recognized as an expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss during the period in which employee renders the related service.



Other long-term benefits

Compensated absences

The employees can carry forward a portion of the unutilised accrued compensated absences and utilise it in future service periods or receive cash compensation on termination of employment. Since the compensated absences do not fall due wholly within twelve months after the end of the period in which the employees render the related service and are also not expected to be utilized wholly within twelve months after the end of such period, the benefit is classified as long-term employee benefits.

Liability with respect to compensated absences is determined based on an actuarial valuation done by an independent actuary at the year end.

1.12. Foreign currency transactions and translations

I. Initial Recognition:

Foreign currency transactions are recorded, on initial recognition in the reporting currency, by applying to the foreign currency amount the exchange rate between the reporting currency and the foreign currency at the date of the transaction.

II. Measurement:

Foreign currency monetary items are reported using the closing rate.

Non-monetary items which are carried in terms of historical cost denominated in a foreign currency are reported using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction.

Non-monetary items which are carried at fair value or other similar valuation denominated in a foreign currency are reported using the exchange rates that existed when the values were determined.

III. Treatment of Foreign Exchange:

Exchange differences arising on settlement/ restatement of foreign currency monetary assets and liabilities of the Company are recognized as income or expenses in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

1.13. Borrowing Cost

Borrowing cost includes interest and amortisation of ancillary costs incurred in connection with the arrangement of borrowings.

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an asset that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale capitalised as part of the cost of the respective asset. All other borrowing costs are expensed in the period they occur



1.14. Taxation

Income-tax expense comprises current tax (i.e. amount of tax for the period determined in accordance with the income-tax law) and deferred tax charge or credit (reflecting the tax effects of timing differences between accounting income and taxable income for the period). The deferred tax charge or credit and the corresponding deferred tax liabilities or assets are recognised using the tax rates that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the Balance Sheet date. Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent there is reasonable certainty that the assets can be realised in future; however, where there is unabsorbed depreciation or carry forward of losses, deferred tax assets are recognised only if there is a virtual certainty of realisation of such assets. Deferred tax assets are reviewed as at each Balance Sheet date and written down or written-up to reflect the amount that is reasonably/virtually certain (as the case may be) to be realised.

1.15. Earnings per share (EPS)

Basic earnings per share are calculated by dividing the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders (after deducting attributable taxes) by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period. Partly paid equity shares are treated as a fraction of an equity share to the extent that they are entitled to participate in dividends relative to a fully paid equity share during the reporting period. The weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period is adjusted for events such as bonus issue, share split and reverse share split (consolidation of shares) that have changed the number of equity shares outstanding, without a corresponding change in resources.

For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.

1.16. Provisions, contingent liabilities and contingent assets

A provision is created when there is a present obligation as a result of a past event that probably requires an outflow of resources and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. A disclosure for a contingent liability is made when there is a possible obligation or a present obligation that may, but probably will not, require an outflow of resources. When there is a possible obligation or a present obligation in respect of which the likelihood of outflow of resources is remote, no provision or disclosure is made. Contingent assets are neither recognised nor disclosed in the financial statements. However, contingent assets are assessed continually and if it is virtually certain that an inflow of economic benefits will arise, the asset and related income are recognised in the period in which the change occurs.



1.17. Contingencies

Provision in respect of loss contingencies relating to claims, litigation, assessment, fines, penalties, etc. are recognised when it is probable that a liability has been incurred, and the amount can be estimated reliably.

1.18. Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash and cash deposits with banks. The Company considers all highly liquid investments with an original maturity at a date of purchase of three months or less and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash to be cash equivalents.

1.19. Cash Flow Statement

Cash flows are reported using indirect method, whereby net profit/loss before tax is adjusted for the effects of transactions of a non-cash nature, any deferrals or accruals of past or future operating cash receipts or payments and item of income or expenses associated with investing or financing cash flows. The cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities of the Company are segregated.



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Pajson Agro India Limited
(Formerly Known as Pajson Agro India Private Limited)
Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the period ended 30 September 2025.
(All amounts are in Rs lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

2. Share capital

Authorised share capital

2,50,00,000 equity shares of Rs. 10/- each
(previous year : 50,00,000 equity shares of Rs. 10/- each)

Issued, subscribed and fully paid up

1,74,99,995 equity shares of Rs. 10/- each
(previous year: 34,99,999 equity shares of Rs. 10/- each)

	As at 30 September 2025	As at 31 March 2025
	2,500.00	500.00
	2,500.00	500.00
	1,750.00	350.00
	1,750.00	350.00

(a) Rights, preferences and restrictions attached to equity shares

The Company has a single class of equity shares having a par value of Rs 10/- per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share and is entitled to dividend declared (if any). The paid-up equity shares of the Company rank pari-passu in all respects, including dividend. The dividend proposed by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting. In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the Company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

(b) Details of each shareholder holding more than 5% equity shares in the Company

Name of shareholder	As at 30 September 2025		As at 31 March 2025	
	No. of shares	% of holding	No. of shares	% of holding
Aayush Jain (equity shares of Rs. 10 each fully paid)	43,25,000.00	24.71%	8,65,000.00	24.71%
Pulkit Jain (equity shares of Rs. 10 each fully paid)	1,04,99,995.00	60.00%	20,99,999.00	60.00%
Ankur Garg (equity shares of Rs 10 each fully paid)	10,50,000.00	6.00%	2,10,000.00	6.00%

(c) Reconciliation of the shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the reporting year

Particulars	As at 30 September 2025		As at 31 March 2025	
	No. of shares	Amount	No. of shares	Amount
Equity shares of Rs. 10/- each fully paid up				
At the beginning of the year	34,99,999.00	350.00	34,99,999.00	350.00
Issued during the year	1,39,99,996.00	1,400.00	-	-
Outstanding at the end of the year	1,74,99,995.00	1,750.00	34,99,999.00	350.00

(d) Details of shareholding by promoters

As at 30 September 2025

Promoters name	As at 31 March 2025	As at 30 September 2025	% of total shares	% change during the year
Aayush Jain	8,65,000.00	43,25,000.00	24.71%	400.00%
Pulkit Jain	20,99,999.00	1,04,99,995.00	60.00%	400.00%
Anjali Jain	10,000.00	50,000.00	0.29%	400.00%
	29,74,999.00	1,48,74,995.00	85.00%	

As at 31 March 2025

Promoters name	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2025	% of total shares	% change during the year
Aayush Jain	13,90,000.00	8,65,000.00	24.71%	-37.77%
Pulkit Jain	20,99,999.00	20,99,999.00	60.00%	0.00%
Anjali Jain	10,000.00	10,000.00	0.29%	0.00%
	34,99,999.00	29,74,999.00	85.00%	

Note: Promoters' for the purpose of this disclosure means promoters as defined under Section 2(69) of Companies Act, 2013.

- (e) No shares has been bought back during the period of five years immediately preceding the reporting periods.
(f) Pursuant to Shareholders' resolution dated May 24, 2025, the Authorized Share Capital of the Company was increased from Rs. 500.00 Lakhs divided into 5,00,000 Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each to Rs. 2500.00 Lakhs divided into 2,50,00,000 Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each ranking pari-passu with the existing share capital.
(g) Pursuant to Board resolution dated May 17, 2025, bonus issue of 1,39,99,996 equity shares of face value of Rs. 10/- in the ratio 4:1 i.e. four (4) bonus equity shares for every one (1) equity share held by shareholder has been issued.
(h) There are no calls unpaid by the Directors or officers of the company.



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Pajson Agro India Limited
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Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the period ended 30 September 2025.
(All amounts are in Rs lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

	As at 30 September 2025	As at 31 March 2025
3. Reserves and surplus		
(a) Securities premium		
At the beginning and at the end of the year	1,749.93	1,749.93
Less : Issue of bonus shares	(1,400.00)	-
	349.93	1,749.93
(b) Surplus in the Statement of Profit and Loss		
Balance at the commencement of the year	2,321.08	280.41
Add: Profit for the year	1,421.09	2,040.66
Amount available for appropriation	3,742.17	2,321.08
Less : Appropriation	-	-
Less : Corporate dividend tax	-	-
Balance at the end of the year	3,742.17	2,321.08
Total reserves and surplus	4,092.10	4,071.00

Note
During the current and previous year, the company has not declared dividend.

	As at 30 September 2025	As at 31 March 2025
4. Long-term Borrowings		
Secured		
From Bank- Vehicle loan*	7.17	9.64
	7.17	9.64

*Details of Secured Vehicle Loans
From Bank

Particulars	Terms of Repayment	Rate of interest (p.a)	No of instalments outstanding as in 30-09-2025	Closing Balance as at 30-09-2025	Nature of Security
From Bank of Baroda	36	9.05%	28	12.01	Hypothecation of vehicle
Less: Current maturities classified under short term borrowings				(4.84)	
				7.17	

	As at 30 September 2025	Charge/Credit to the current reporting period	As at 31 March 2025
5. Deferred tax liabilities			
Deferred tax liabilities			
Difference between written down value of property, plant & equipment as per Income tax Act, 1961 and as per Companies Act 2013.	144.56	27.02	117.53
Deferred tax Assets			
Provision for employees benefits	9.39	9.39	-
Disallowance under Income tax Act 1961.	-	-	-
	135.16	17.63	117.53
	As at 31 March 2025	Charge/Credit to the current	As at 31 March 2024
Deferred tax liabilities			
Difference between written down value of property, plant & equipment as per Income tax Act, 1961 and as per Companies Act 2013.	123.27	39.06	84.21
Deferred tax Assets			
Provision for employees benefits	5.73	5.73	-
Disallowance under Income tax Act 1961.	-	-	-
	117.53	33.32	84.21

	As at 30 September 2025	As at 31 March 2025
6. Long-term Provisions		
Provision for employee benefits		
Provision for employee benefits (compensated absences)	3.69	2.30
Gratuity (refer to note 29)	32.80	19.96
	36.49	22.26



Pajson Agro India Limited

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Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the period ended 30 September 2025.

(All amounts are in Rs lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

7. Short-term Borrowings

Unsecured

Loans and advances from related parties

Secured

Working capital loans*

Current maturities on long term loans

	As at 30 September 2025	As at 31 March 2025
Loans and advances from related parties	1,289.43	650.06
Working capital loans*	2,702.50	792.68
Current maturities on long term loans	4.84	4.63
	3,996.77	1,447.37

***Details of working capital loan**

(a) The cash credit facility as provided by Kotak Mahindra Bank, Bandra, Mumbai is secured by hypothecation of stock and book debts and all plant and machineries of the company and collateral security (Equitable Mortgage) of industrial property with land admeasuring 32887.80 Sq. yds on which building constructed comprising of RCN storage sheds to the extent of 50789 Sq. ft and industrial sheds to the extent of 57920 Sq. ft situated at S.No 11-1,11-2, 13-1 and 13-2, Janakirama Puram village, Rolugunta Mandal, Visakhapatnam, Andhra Pradesh -531114 in the name of the company and also all current and future civil structures, modifications, additions will be deemed to be mortgaged.

(b) The total limit of the cash credit/overdraft facility is Rs 20 Crores attracting an interest rate 8.60% (Repo rate (5.50)+ SP (3.10)= 8.60%) with reset period of 3 months.

(c) Cash credit/overdraft limit is enhanced from 09.06.2025 by Kotak Mahindra Bank (earlier it was Rs 14.85 Crores from bank of Baroda).

(d) The cash credit limit is backed by personal guarantee of Mr. Aayush Jain (Managing Director), Mrs Anjali Jain (Director) and Mr. Pulkit Jain (Additional Director)

(e) Company has taken working capital demand loan (WC DL) from Kotak Mahindra bank of Rs. 10 crores.

(f) Tenure of WC DL is 3 months attracting an interest rate 8.40% (Repo rate (5.50)+ SP (2.90)= 8.40%) with reset period of 1 month.

Details of unsecured loan from related party

(a) Company is taken loan from PP Sofitech Pvt Ltd which is related party covered under section 2(76) of Companies Act, 2013.

(b) Period of loan: from 21-03-2024 to 20-03-2026

(c) Rate of interest 9% p.a simple interest charged on yearly basis.

(d) The company has outstanding loans from directors as under:

Name of director	Amount	Interest rate	Repayment terms
Mr Aayush Jain	170	Nil	1 Year
Mr. Pulkit Jain	445	Nil	1 Year

(e) ALL Loans are unsecured and received through banking channels.

(f) Directors have confirmed that the funds are not borrowed from third parties.

(g) Interest not applicable.

8. Trade payables

Outstanding dues to micro enterprises and small enterprises (refer to note 37)

Outstanding dues to creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises

- Payable to related parties (refer note 28)

- Payable to other than related parties

	As at 30 September 2025	As at 31 March 2025
Outstanding dues to micro enterprises and small enterprises (refer to note 37)	49.74	13.78
Outstanding dues to creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	4,773.66	303.06
- Payable to related parties (refer note 28)	-	-
- Payable to other than related parties	-	-
	4,823.40	316.84

Trade payables ageing schedule for the year ended 30 September 2025

Particulars	Unbilled	Less than 1 year	1 - 2 years	2 - 3 years	More than 3 years	Total
(i) MSME	-	49.29	0.37	-	0.08	49.74
(ii) Others	-	4,768.70	0.36	-	-	4,769.06
(iii) Disputed						
MSME	-	-	-	-	-	-
Others	-	-	-	-	4.60	4.60
						4,823.40

Trade payables ageing schedule for the year ended 31 March 2025

Particulars	Unbilled	Less than 1 year	1 - 2 years	2 - 3 years	More than 3 years	Total
(i) MSME	-	13.70	-	0.08	-	13.78
(ii) Others	-	298.10	0.36	-	-	298.46
(iii) Disputed						
MSME	-	-	-	-	-	-
Others	-	-	-	-	4.60	4.60
						316.84

Notes:-

Details of dues to micro, small and medium enterprises as defined under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act 2006('MSMED Act, 2006'), to the extent the company has received intimation from the 'supplier' regarding their status under the MSMED Act, 2006.



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Pajson Agro India Limited

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Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the period ended 30 September 2025.

(All amounts are in Rs lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

9. Other current liabilities

Payable for property, plant & equipments.
Advance received from customer
Statutory dues Payables*
Security deposit received
Expenses Payable
Staff Imprest

As at	As at
30 September 2025	31 March 2025
16.75	123.95
14.22	5.62
43.32	34.48
0.50	0.50
238.96	68.54
-	5.61
313.74	238.71

Note:

*Company is unable to deposit Provident Fund & ESIC amounting Rs. 1.87 lakhs & 0.007 lakhs respectively due to non-adherence of AADHAAR authentication of some employees which are outstanding more than six months.

*Some contractors have not fulfilled their obligation to deposit the required Provident Fund (PF) and Employees' State Insurance Corporation (ESIC) contributions amounting Rs 7.50 Lakhs and 2.79 Lakhs respectively. Consequently, the responsibility has transferred to the principal employer, rendering the Company liable for these statutory payments. However, in the absence of essential information from the contractors, the Company is presently unable to deposit such dues. The management is diligently assessing all viable options to ensure compliance and expedite the deposit of the outstanding amounts.

10. Short-term provisions

- Gratuity (refer to note 29)
Provision for employee benefits (compensated absences)
Provision for income tax
Provision for interest due to micro & small enterprises
Provision for interest on income tax

As at	As at
30 September 2025	31 March 2025
0.08	0.05
0.75	0.47
6.82	-
0.38	0.22
-	8.41
8.02	9.14



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Pajson Agro India Limited
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Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the period ended 30 September 2025.
(All amounts are in Rs lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

11. Property, plant and equipment, intangible assets and Capital work in progress.

As at 30 September 2025.

S.No.	Name of Assets	Gross Block			Depreciation			Net carrying Value			
		As at 1 April 2025	Additions	Deletions	As at 30 September 2025.	As at 1 April 2025	Depreciation for the year	Deletions /Adjustments	As at 30 September 2025.	As on 31.03.2025	
Tangible Assets											
1	Land	200.44	718.49	-	918.93	-	-	-	918.93	200.44	
2	Buildings	685.03	98.59	-	783.62	65.48	11.42	-	76.91	619.54	
3	Plant & Machinery	2,221.98	457.80	7.68	2,672.20	271.97	82.15	1.72	352.40	1,950.02	
4	Furniture & Fittings	3.05	-	-	3.05	0.24	0.14	-	0.38	2.67	
5	Motor Vehicles	18.76	-	-	18.76	0.41	1.11	-	1.52	17.24	
6	Office Equipments	17.81	4.78	-	22.59	4.94	1.94	-	6.88	15.71	
7	Computer & Peripherals	10.28	1.37	-	11.65	4.65	1.27	-	5.92	5.62	
Total (A)		3,157.34	1,281.13	7.68	4,430.79	347.70	98.03	1.72	444.01	3,986.78	2,809.65
Intangible Assets											
1	Software	3.30	-	-	3.30	1.07	0.26	-	1.33	1.97	2.23
Total (B)		3.30	-	-	3.30	1.07	0.26	-	1.33	1.97	2.23
Capital Work in Progress											
1	Building WIP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2	Plant & Machinery WIP	306.87	17.60	324.47	-	-	-	-	-	-	306.87
Total (C)		306.87	17.60	324.47	-	-	-	-	-	-	306.87
Total (A+B+C)		3,467.51	1,298.73	332.15	4,434.10	348.77	98.29	1.72	445.34	3,988.75	3,118.75

As at 31st March 2025

S.No.	Name of Assets	Gross Block			Depreciation			Net carrying Value			
		As at 1 April 2024	Additions	Deletions	As at 31 March 2025	As at 1 April 2024	Depreciation for the year	Deletions /Adjustments	As at 31 March 2025	As on 31.03.2025	As on 31.03.2024
Tangible Assets											
1	Land	200.44	-	-	200.44	-	-	-	200.44	200.44	200.44
2	Buildings	628.63	56.40	-	685.03	45.21	20.27	-	65.48	619.54	583.41
3	Plant & Machinery	1,674.34	560.90	13.26	2,221.98	161.93	112.63	2.59	271.97	1,950.02	1,512.41
4	Furniture & Fittings	0.36	2.69	-	3.05	0.07	0.17	-	0.24	2.81	0.29
5	Motor Vehicles	0.64	18.12	-	18.76	0.00	0.41	-	0.41	18.35	0.64
6	Office Equipments	7.62	10.20	-	17.81	2.42	2.53	-	4.94	12.87	5.20
7	Computer & Peripherals	4.69	5.58	-	10.28	2.67	1.98	-	4.65	5.62	2.02
Total (A)		2,516.72	653.88	13.26	3,157.34	212.31	137.98	2.59	347.70	2,809.65	2,304.41
Intangible Assets											
1	Software	2.40	0.90	-	3.30	0.62	0.45	-	1.07	2.23	1.79
Total (B)		2.40	0.90	-	3.30	0.62	0.45	-	1.07	2.23	1.79
Capital Work in Progress											
1	Building WIP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2	Plant & Machinery WIP	0.22	306.87	0.22	306.87	-	-	-	-	306.87	0.22
Total (C)		0.22	306.87	0.22	306.87	-	-	-	-	306.87	0.22

Note:

(i) Equitable mortgage of industrial property situated at Janakirama Puram village, Rolugunta Mandal, Visakhapatnam, Andhra Pradesh - 531114 has been created in the favour of Kotak Mahindra Bank as collateral security.

(ii) Plant and Machineries are hypothecated to Bank of Baroda as primary security against cash credit / overdraft facility of amounting Rs. 20.00 Crores .

(iii) Company has no Impairment loss during the period for Property, Plant & Equipment.

(iv) Assets are periodically checked for active usage and those which are retired are written off.

(v) There are no temporarily idle property, plant and equipment.

(vi) Intangible asset is amortised as per Schedule II.

(vii) The carrying amount and remaining amortization period of any individual intangible asset are not material to the financial statements of the enterprise as a whole

(viii) There are no amounts of intangible assets whose title is restricted and the carrying amounts of intangible assets pledged as security for liabilities.

(ix) Title deed of immovable properties are held in the name of the company.

(x) The Company has not revalued its property, plant and equipment during the year

(xi) There is no capital commitment



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Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the period ended 30 September 2025.
(All amounts are in Rs lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Capital work-in-progress		
Particulars	As at 30 September 2025	As at 31 March 2025
<i>Property, plant and equipment</i>		
Buildings	-	-
Plant and equipment	-	306.87
Total	-	306.87

Capital work-in-progress		
Particulars	As at 30 September 2025	As at 31 March 2025
As at the beginning of the year	306.87	-
Additions	17.60	306.87
Transfers to property, plant and equipment	324.47	-
As at the end of the year	-	306.87

The capital work-in-progress ageing schedule as at 30 September 2025 and 31 March 2025 is as follows :

As at 30 September 2025					
CWIP	Less than 1 Year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
Projects in progress	-	-	-	-	-
Projects temporarily suspended #	-	-	-	-	-
Total	-	-	-	-	-

As at 31 March 2025					
CWIP	Less than 1 Year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
Projects in progress	306.87	-	-	-	306.87
Projects temporarily suspended	-	-	-	-	-
Total	306.87	-	-	-	306.87



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Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the period ended 30 September 2025.
(All amounts are in Rs lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

	As at 30 September 2025	As at 31 March 2025
12. Long-term loans and advances (Unsecured, considered good)		
Capital advances*	51.06	160.96
	<u>51.06</u>	<u>160.96</u>

	As at 30 September 2025	As at 31 March 2025
13. Other non-current assets (Unsecured, considered good)		
Security deposits	-	-
Bank deposits due to mature after twelve months from the reporting date*	-	1.11
Interest accrued on bank deposits	-	0.05
	<u>-</u>	<u>1.17</u>

*the Company holds fixed deposit of ₹1 lakh under lien of BG facility with Bank of Baroda having interest rate of 5.35% per annum and have maturity date 11-04-2026.

	As at 30 September 2025	As at 31 March 2025
14. Inventories # (Valued at lower of cost or net realisable value)		
Raw materials*	5,345.94	1,256.88
Work-in-progress	-	-
Finished goods	1,557.21	111.94
Stock-in-trade	9.79	0.21
Stores and spares	46.52	34.90
	<u>6,959.46</u>	<u>1,403.92</u>

*Includes goods-in-transit
- Raw materials

	As at 30 September 2025	As at 31 March 2025
15. Trade receivables (Unsecured)		
Receivables outstanding for a period exceeding six months from the date they become due for payment.		
Considered good *	5.71	3.45
Considered doubtful	-	-
	<u>5.71</u>	<u>3.45</u>
Less : Allowance for bad and doubtful debts	-	-
	<u>5.71</u>	<u>3.45</u>
Other receivables		
Considered good *	1,874.70	348.75
Considered doubtful	-	-
	<u>1,874.70</u>	<u>348.75</u>
Less : Allowance for bad and doubtful debts	-	-
	<u>1,874.70</u>	<u>348.75</u>
	<u>1,880.42</u>	<u>352.21</u>

Trade receivables ageing schedule for the year ended 30 September 2025:

Particulars	Not due	Less than 6 months	6 months - 1 year	1 - 2 years	2 - 3 years	More than 3 years	Total
Unsecured							
(i) Undisputed - considered good	-	1,874.70	1.20	3.57	0.94	-	1,880.42
(ii) Undisputed - considered doubtful	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iii) Disputed - considered good	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iv) Disputed - considered doubtful	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Less: Loss allowance	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,880.42
Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	<u>1,880.42</u>

Trade receivables ageing schedule for the year ended 31 March 2025:

Particulars	Not due	Less than 6 months	6 months - 1 year	1 - 2 years	2 - 3 years	More than 3 years	Total
Unsecured							
(i) Undisputed - considered good	-	348.75	0.89	1.93	0.64	-	352.21
(ii) Undisputed - considered doubtful	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iii) Disputed - considered good	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iv) Disputed - considered doubtful	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Less: Loss allowance	-	-	-	-	-	-	352.21
Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	<u>352.21</u>

Note:

- a. There are no unbilled trade receivables.
b. There are no debts due by directors or other officers of the Company or any of them either severally or jointly with any other person or debts due by firms or private companies respectively in which any director is a partner or a director or a member.



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Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the period ended 30 September 2025.
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	As at 30 September 2025	As at 31 March 2025
16. Cash and bank balances		
Cash and cash equivalents		
Cash on hand	2.93	3.67
Cheques on hand		
Balances with bank		
- on current account	23.77	507.97
	<u>26.71</u>	<u>511.64</u>
Other bank balances :		
Other Bank Balances*	1,350.00	-
Bank deposits with original maturity more than three months but due to be matured within twelve months from the reporting date.		
	<u>1,376.71</u>	<u>511.64</u>

Note: Cash and cash equivalent comprise of cash at banks, cash/cheques on hand and short term deposits with an original maturity of three months or less, which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. Cash and cash equivalents include balances with banks which are unrestricted for withdrawal and usage.
*The Company holds fixed deposit of ₹1000 and ₹350 lakhs with Kotak Mahindra Bank having interest rate of 5.70% and 5.25% per annum and have maturity date 27-12-2025 and 30-12-2025 respectively.

	As at 30 September 2025	As at 31 March 2025
17. Short-term loans and advances		
<i>(Unsecured, considered good)</i>		
Prepaid Expenses	6.29	5.64
Income tax receivables (net of provisions)	-	9.12
Advances to suppliers*	55.73	367.50
Loans and advances to employees	5.90	1.10
Balances with government authorities	766.60	603.03
Excess contribution towards Corporate Social Responsibility (refer note no 40)	-	5.20
Other Receivables*	26.10	-
	<u>860.62</u>	<u>991.59</u>

*Includes amount Rs. 26.10 lacs paid in advance towards acquisition of land included an excess over the final consideration agreed upon. The excess amount is now receivable from the counterparty and is accordingly classified under Other Receivables as on the Balance Sheet date.

	As at 30 September 2025	As at 31 March 2025
18. Other current assets		
<i>(Unsecured, considered good)</i>		
Security deposits	42.95	40.91
Export incentives receivable	1.36	1.36
Staff Imprest	0.32	-
Bank deposits due to mature within twelve months from the reporting date*	1.17	-
Interest accrued on bank deposits	0.03	-
	<u>45.83</u>	<u>42.27</u>

*the Company holds fixed deposit of ₹1 lakh under lien of BG facility with Bank of Baroda having interest rate of 5.35% per annum and have maturity date 11-04-2026.



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Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the period ended 30 September 2025.

(All amounts are in Rs lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

	<u>For the period ended 30 September 2025</u>	<u>For the year ended 31 March 2025</u>
19. Revenue from operations		
<u>Sale Domestic</u>		
Sale of Cashew Kernels	11,207.24	16,202.66
Sale of Almond Kernels	46.51	20.35
Sale of Pistachios Kernels	35.18	13.12
Sale of Raw Cashew Nuts	-	368.94
Sale of By Product	532.84	839.67
Sale of Other Products	15.30	-
	<u>11,837.07</u>	<u>17,444.74</u>
<u>Sales Export</u>		
Sale of Cashew Kernels	-	508.21
	<u>-</u>	<u>508.21</u>
<u>High Seas Sales</u>		
Sale of Raw Cashew Nuts	-	765.69
	<u>-</u>	<u>765.69</u>
<u>Other Operating Revenue</u>		
Export Incentives	-	8.20
	<u>-</u>	<u>8.20</u>
	<u>11,837.07</u>	<u>18,726.83</u>
20. Other income		
Discount Received	0.21	-
Interest on IT Refund	-	0.90
Interest income on fixed deposits with Bank	0.03	0.21
Gain on foreign currency transactions & translation (Net)	-	-
	<u>0.24</u>	<u>1.11</u>



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Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the period ended 30 September 2025.

(All amounts are in Rs lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

	<u>For the period ended 30 September 2025</u>	<u>For the year ended 31 March 2025</u>
21. Cost of materials consumed		
Opening stock	1,256.88	1,888.94
ADD: Purchase of Raw Materials		
Purchase of Raw Cashew Nuts	12,987.26	11,261.36
Custom Duty	433.17	132.34
Clearing & Forwarding Charges	176.90	194.67
Transportation Cost	87.24	107.54
Other Incidental Charges	12.47	13.71
	<u>13,697.04</u>	<u>11,709.62</u>
Less: Closing stock	5,345.94	1,256.88
	<u>9,607.99</u>	<u>12,341.68</u>
	<u>For the period ended 30 September 2025</u>	<u>For the year ended 31 March 2025</u>
22. Purchases of stock-in-trade		
Purchase of Almond Kernels, Pistachios Kernels & Raisins	85.14	32.16
Purchase of cashew Kernels	3.43	1,136.33
	<u>88.57</u>	<u>1,168.49</u>
	<u>For the period ended 30 September 2025</u>	<u>For the year ended 31 March 2025</u>
23. Changes in inventories of finished goods, work-in-progress and stock-in-trade		
Opening stock		
Finished goods	111.94	302.22
Stock-in-trade	0.21	-
Stores & Spares (Including Packing Material)	34.90	-
	<u>147.04</u>	<u>302.22</u>
Less : Closing stock		
Finished goods	1,557.21	111.94
Stock-in-trade	9.79	0.21
Stores & Spares (Including Packing Material)	46.52	34.90
	<u>1,613.53</u>	<u>147.04</u>
	<u>(1,466.48)</u>	<u>155.18</u>



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Pajson Agro India Limited

(Formerly Known as Pajson Agro India Private Limited)

Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the period ended 30 September 2025.

(All amounts are in Rs lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

	<u>For the period ended 30 September 2025</u>	<u>For the year ended 31 March 2025</u>
24. Employee benefits expense		
Salaries & Wages	373.68	625.65
Directors Remuneration	35.96	60.00
Bonus	48.66	97.33
Gratuity expense	12.87	20.02
Leave Encashment	1.67	2.76
Contribution to Various Funds	39.55	70.23
Profession Tax	0.27	0.45
Staff Welfare Expense	10.11	17.70
Worker Travelling Expense	26.11	50.83
	<u>548.87</u>	<u>944.97</u>
	<u>For the period ended 30 September 2025</u>	<u>For the year ended 31 March 2025</u>
25. Finance costs		
Interest expense:		
Bank Charges	11.22	14.18
Interest on Bank Borrowings	68.25	78.56
Interest on Other Borrowings	27.07	54.00
Interest on income tax	-	8.41
Interest to suppliers	0.16	0.22
	<u>106.70</u>	<u>155.36</u>
	<u>For the period ended 30 September 2025</u>	<u>For the year ended 31 March 2025</u>
26. Other expenses		
Business Promotion Expenses	5.38	13.69
Clearing & Forwarding Expense on Export	-	1.97
Commission on Sale	5.69	35.50
Communication Expenses	1.13	1.86
Corporate Social Responsibility Expense	11.95	2.65
Freight & Cartage	62.27	58.06
Gain on foreign currency transactions & translation (Net)	107.67	2.20
Insurance Expenses	4.24	6.89
Job Work Charges	69.52	104.21
Legal & Professional (refer note 36)	73.24	27.01
Loss on Sale of Property, Plant & Equipments (Net)	4.46	0.78
Membership & Subscription Expense	1.12	2.21
Miscellaneous Expenses	14.42	19.37
Other Labour Charges	7.07	2.01
Other Manufacturing Expenses	30.41	47.53
Other Repairs & Maintenance	25.34	45.87
Packing Material Consumed	204.32	251.96
Power & Fuels	203.33	266.62
Prior Period Expenses	0.66	3.26
Rates & Taxes	14.79	30.79
Rebate & Discount (Net)	-	1.08
Rent	25.28	35.58
Repair & Maintenance Building	7.49	16.36
Repair & Maintenance Machinery	44.88	53.22
Security Expenses	7.14	16.96
Travelling & Conveyance	19.86	43.89
	<u>951.65</u>	<u>1,091.53</u>



PAJSON AGRO INDIA LIMITED

Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the period ended 30th September 2025

(All amounts are in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

27. Basic and diluted earnings per share

Particulars	For the period ended 30 th September 2025	For the year ended 31 st March 2025
Profits for the year attributable to equity shareholders	1421.09	2040.66
Weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year	1,74,99,995	1,74,99,995
Basic and diluted earning per share of Rs 10 each	8.12	11.66

28. Related Party Disclosures

List of Related Parties and nature of relationship where control exists

Enterprise that are under common control with reporting enterprise	PAJSON GLOBAL DMCC
Director has common interest	PP Softtech Private Limited
Director/Partner has common interest	PP Agro Exports LLP
Director has common interest	K R Infrabuild Private Limited
Enterprises in which KMP/Relatives of KMP can exercise significant influence	Jaina Corporation
Director has common interest	Pajson International FZCO

Key managerial personnel

Chairman & Managing Director	Aayush Jain
Whole time Director	Anjali Jain
Chief Financial Officer	Ajit Kumar (w.e.f June 17, 2025)
Company Secretary	Roopal Saxena (w.e.f June 17, 2025)

Director

Non-executive director	Pulkit Jain
Independent Director	Prince Wadhwa
Independent Director	Priyanka Devi
Executive Director	Jayesh Bhagia (resigned w.e.f September 05, 2025)



PAJSON AGRO INDIA LIMITED

Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the period ended 30th September 2025

(All amounts are in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Transaction with Related parties

Particulars	Name of Related Party	Nature of Transactions	For the period ended 30 th September 2025	For the year ended 31 st March 2025
Enterprises in which KMP/Relatives of KMP can exercise significant influence	PAJSON GLOBAL DMCC	Purchase of Raw materials	553.45	11105.76
	PAJSON GLOBAL DMCC	Advance payment for purchase of raw material	-	328.16
	PP Softech Private Limited	Interest on unsecured loan	27.07	54.00
	Pajson International FZCO	Purchase of Raw materials	3097.59	-
Directors and Key managerial personnel*				
Mr. Aayush Jain	Chairman & Managing Director	Director's remuneration	24.00	48.00
Mrs. Anjali Jain	Whole Time Director	Director's remuneration	6.00	12.00
Mr. Jayesh Bhagia	Director	Director's remuneration	5.00	-
Mr. Aayush Jain	Chairman & Managing Director	Short term borrowings	170.00	-
Mr. Aayush Jain	Chairman & Managing Director	Repayment of short-term borrowings	-	20.00
Mr. Aayush Jain	Chairman & Managing Director	Expenses incurred on behalf of Company	19.70	26.35
Mr. Pulkit Jain	Non-Executive Director	Short term borrowings	445.00	-
Mr. Anjali Jain	Whole Time Director	Expenses incurred on behalf of company	-	18.49
Ajit Kumar	Chief Financial Officer	Salary	2.49	-
Roopal Saxena	Company Secretary	Salary	2.28	-

Relatives of KMP*

Abhishek Jain	Relative of Directors
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PAJSON AGRO INDIA LIMITED

Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the period ended 30th September 2025

(All amounts are in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

*There is no transaction with the relatives of Key Managerial personnel during the period april 2025 to Sep. 25.

Note: The Company has not paid/deposited any contribution to Provident Fund or any other fund created for the benefit of its Employees, for the Related Parties as mentioned above except Chief Financial Officer and Company Secretary.

Note: The remuneration to Directors and other related parties excludes the provisions made for Gratuity and leave encashment as it is determined on the basis of an actuarial report for the Company as a whole.

Related party balances

Particulars	Name of Related Party	For the period ended 30 th September 2025	For the year ended 31 st March 2025
Trade Payable	PAJSON INTERNATIONAL FZCO	736.16	-
Advance Payment against purchase of raw material	PAJSON Global DMCC	-	328.16
Unsecured Loan	PP Softech Private Limited	674.43	650.06
Payable to Directors	Aayush Jain	3.28	6.08
Unsecured Loan	Aayush Jain	170.00	
Unsecured Loan	Pulkit Jain	445.00	
Payable to Directors	Anjali Jain	1.00	0.90
Salary	Ajit Kumar	0.71	-
Salary	Roopal Saxena	0.68	-

29. Employee benefits

Defined benefit plan

In accordance with the Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972, the company provides for gratuity, as defined benefit plan. The gratuity plan provides for a lump sum payment to the employees at the time of separation from the service on completion of vested year of employment i.e five years. The liability of gratuity plan is provided based on actuarial valuation at the end of the financial year.

Gratuity: The Present value of obligation is determined based on actuarial valuation using the Projected Unit Credit Method. This method considers each period of service as giving rise to an additional unit of benefit entitlement and measures each unit separately to build up the final obligation.

Interest Cost: It is the increase in the Plan liability over the accounting period resulting from the operation of the actuarial assumption of the interest rate.

Service Cost: This is the discounted present value of benefits attributed by the plan benefit formula to service rendered by employees during the accounting period. It is measured using an assumption as to future pay levels.



PAJSON AGRO INDIA LIMITED**Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the period ended 30th September 2025****(All amounts are in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)**

Actuarial Gain or Loss: It occurs when the experience of the Plan differs from that anticipated from the actuarial assumptions. It could also occur due to changes made in the actuarial assumptions.

The obligation for defined benefit plan remains with the company.

- (i) The changes in the present value of defined benefits obligations representing reconciliation of opening and closing balances thereof are as follows:

	Particulars	For the period ended 30th September 2025	As at 31 st March 2025*#
a)	Present value of obligation as at the beginning of the period	20.02	10.59
b)	Acquisition adjustment	--	--
c)	Interest cost	0.66	0.75
d)	Past service cost	--	--
e)	Current service cost	4.96	7.61
f)	Curtailement cost/(Credit)	--	--
g)	Settlement cost/(Credit)	--	--
h)	Benefits paid	--	--
i)	Actuarial (gain)/loss on obligation	7.25	1.07
j)	Present value of obligation as at the end of period	32.88	20.02

- (ii) Changes in fair value of plan assets

	Particulars	For the period ended 30th September 2025	As at 31 st March 2025
a)	Fair value of plan assets at the beginning of the period	--	--
b)	Acquisition adjustment	--	--
c)	Actual return on plan assets	--	--
d)	Employer contributions	--	--
e)	Benefits paid	--	--
f)	Fair value of plan assets at the end of the period	--	--
g)	Funded status	(32.88)	(20.02)
h)	Excess of actual over estimated return on plan assets	--	--



Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the period ended 30th September 2025

(All amounts are in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

(iii) Actuarial gain/loss recognised as follows:

	Particulars	For the period ended 30th September 2025	As at 31 st March 2025*#
a)	Actuarial gain / (loss) for the period- obligation	(7.25)	(1.07)
b)	Actuarial (gain)/loss for the period - plan assets	--	--
c)	Total (gain)/loss for the period	7.25	1.07
d)	Actuarial (gain) / loss recognized in the period	7.25	1.07

(iv) The amount recognised in the Balance sheet as follows

	Particulars	For the period ended 30th September 2025	As at 31 st March 2025
a)	Present value of obligation as at the end of the period	32.88	20.02
b)	Fair value of plan assets as at the end of the period	--	--
c)	Funded status / Difference	(32.88)	(20.02)
d)	Excess of actual over estimated	--	--
e)	Unrecognized actuarial (gains)/losses	--	--
f)	Net asset/ (liability) recognized in balance sheet	(32.88)	(20.02)

(v) Expenses recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss is as follow:

	Particulars	For the period ended 30th September 2025	As at 31 st March 2025
a)	Current service cost	4.96	7.61
b)	Past service cost	--	--
c)	Interest cost	0.66	0.75
d)	Expected return on plan assets	--	--
e)	Curtailement cost / (Credit)	--	--
f)	Settlement cost / (credit)	--	--
g)	Net actuarial (gain)/ loss recognized in the period	7.25	1.07
h)	Expenses recognized in the statement of profit & losses	12.87	9.43



PAJSON AGRO INDIA LIMITED

Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the period ended 30th September 2025

(All amounts are in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

(vi) Principal Actuarial assumptions as at Balance Sheet date are as follow:

(a) **Economic Assumptions:** The principal assumptions are the discount rate & salary growth rate. The discount rate is generally based upon the market yields available on Government bonds at the accounting date relevant to currency of benefit payments for a term that matches the liabilities. Salary growth rate is enterprise's long term best estimate as to salary increases & takes account of inflation, seniority, promotion, business plan, HR policy and other relevant factors on long term basis as provided in relevant accounting standard.

(b) Financial Assumptions:

	31/03/2025	30/09/2025
i) Interest Rate for Discounting	6.60	6.50
ii) Future salary Increase	7.00	7.00
iii) Rate of Return on Plan Assets:	--	--

(c) Demographic Assumptions:

	<u>31.03.2025</u>	<u>30.09.2025</u>
Retirement Age	60 Years	60 Years

Mortality: Indian Assured Lives Mortality (2012-2014) ult. (IALM 2012-14). Rates at specimen ages are as shown below:

Age (Years)	Rates	Age (Years)	Rates
15	0.000698	60	0.011162
20	0.000924	65	0.015932
25	0.000931	70	0.024058
30	0.000977	75	0.038221
35	0.001202	80	0.061985
40	0.001680	85	0.100979
45	0.002579	90	0.163507
50	0.004436	95	0.259706
55	0.007513	100	0.397733

Above mortality table is used for this valuation. Comparative Mortality Tables For the previous valuations, if any are:-

31.03.2025
IALM 2012-14 ult

30.09.2025
IALM 2012-14 ult.



PAJSON AGRO INDIA LIMITED

Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the period ended 30th September 2025

(All amounts are in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Withdrawal: Withdrawal rates are for all causes in accordance with the following table:

<u>Age</u>	<u>31.03.2025</u>	<u>30.09.2025</u>
All Ages	15% p.a.	15% p.a.

Disability: Leaving service due to disability is included in the provision made for all causes of withdrawals from service (refer above for withdrawals)

(vii) Summary of key results of the report including past results as applicable:

a. Assets/ Liabilities

As on	--	--	31/03/2025	30/09/2025
PBO (C)	--	--	20.02	32.88
Plan Assets	--	--	--	--
Net Liability	--	--	20.02	32.88

(viii) Principal Plan Provisions:

Salary for calculation of gratuity	Last drawn monthly salary as provided by the enterprise
Vesting Period	5 years of service
Benefit on normal retirement	$(15/26) \times \text{salary} \times \text{number of years of completed service.}$
Limit on Amount of Gratuity	Maximum Gratuity is restricted to Rs. 20,00,000/-
Benefit on early retirement/ withdrawal/resignation	Same as normal retirement benefit.
Benefit on death/disablement in service	Same as normal retirement benefit except that no vesting conditions apply

In respect of these Plan Provisions following points may be noted:

- No change in Plan Provisions is reported since the most recent similar investigation.
- There is no history of discretionary benefits and no probability of providing discretionary benefits in future is foreseen and considered for this valuation.
- Impact of code on social security-2020 is not considered for The Valuation. When the code is notified, it may have it's impact on The Valuation.



PAJSON AGRO INDIA LIMITED

Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the period ended 30th September 2025
(All amounts are in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

30. Segment Reporting

The Company has considered the business segment as the primary reporting segment on the basis that the risk and returns of the Company is primarily determined by the nature of products and services. Consequently, the geographical segment has been considered as a secondary segment. The business segment has been identified on the basis of the nature of products and services, the risks and returns, internal organisation and management structure and the internal performance reporting systems. The Business segment comprises of manufacturing and trading of Cashew Kernels.

31. Contingent Liabilities and Commitments (to the extent not provided for):**a) Contingent Liabilities:**

Bank Guarantees given by the Company	1.00
TDS Defaults with respect to Delay filing fee, Short Deduction and Interest thereon	0.0029

b) Commitments:

Particulars	As at 30 th September 2025	As at 31 st March 2025
Estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed on capital account and not provided for	-	548.72*
Uncalled liability on shares and other investments partly paid	-	-
Other commitments	-	-

*Includes capital commitment for purchase of land amounting Rs 483.55 Lakhs

32. Details of Currency Conversion:

Particulars	30 th September 2025	31 st March 2025
USD	88.79	85.58

33. CIF Value of Imports

Particulars	For the period ended 30 th September 2025		For the year ended 31 st March 2025	
	Amount (in USD)	Amount (in INR)	Amount (in USD)	Amount (in INR)
Raw Material	136.20	11827.22	132.16	11208.28
Payment against import of plant	0.12	10.19	2.93	252.34



PAJSON AGRO INDIA LIMITED

Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the period ended 30th September 2025

(All amounts are in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

34. Earnings in Foreign Currency

Particulars	For the period ended 30 th September 2025		For the year ended 31 st March 2025	
C.I.F. value of exports – sale of products and recoveries	-	-	508.21	-

35. Expenditure in Foreign Currency

Particulars	For the period ended 30 th September 2025		For the year ended 31 st March 2025	
	AED(UAE Dirham)	INR	AED(UAE Dirham)	INR
Travelling Expenses	-	-	0.03	0.72

36. Payment to auditors (excluding applicable taxes)

Particulars	For the period ended 30 th September 2025	For the year ended 31 st March 2025
Statutory Audit	2.00	2.95
Reimbursement of out-of-pocket expenses	0.00	0.14
For other matters	1.34	0.43
Total	3.34	3.52



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PAJSON AGRO INDIA LIMITED

Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the period ended 30th September 2025

(All amounts are in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

37. Dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises

Particulars	For the period ended 30 th September 2025	For the year ended 31 st March 2025
a) The principal amount and interest due thereon remaining unpaid to any supplier. - Principal amount - Interest amount	60.44* 0.38	133.64 0.22
b) The amount of interest paid by the buyer under MSMED Act, 2006 along with the amounts of payment made to the supplier beyond the appointed day.	-	-
c) The amount of interest due and payable for the period (where the principal has been paid but interest under the MSMED Act, 2006 not paid).	-	-
d) The amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid.	-	-
e) The amount of further interest due and payable even in the succeeding year, until such date when the interest dues as above are actually paid to the small enterprise, for the purpose of disallowance as a deductible expenditure under Section 23 of the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006	-	-

* Includes amount of INR 10.70 due to capex suppliers which is included in Payable for purchase of capital goods shown under other current liabilities.

Note: The information regarding Micro and Small enterprises has been determined to the extent such parties have been identified on the basis of information available with the Company.

38. Transfer Pricing

As per the transfer pricing norms applicable in India, the Company is required to use certain specified methods in computing arm's length price of transactions between the associated enterprises and maintain prescribed information and documents related to such transactions. The appropriate method to be adopted will depend on the nature of the transactions/class of transactions, class of associated persons, functions performed and other factors, which have been prescribed. The Company is in the process of updating the transfer pricing study for the current financial year. However, in the opinion of the management the same would not have a material impact on these standalone financial statements.



PAJSON AGRO INDIA LIMITED

Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the period ended 30th September 2025

(All amounts are in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

39. Financial ratios have not been analysed as the financial statements pertain to a half-yearly reporting period.

40. Disclosure relating to corporate social responsibility expenditure

Particulars	For the period ended 30 th September 2025	For the year ended 31 st March 2025
(a) Gross amount required to be spent by the Company	-	2.65
(b) Amount spent during the year on:	11.95	7.85
(c) Balance amount to be carried forward to the subsequent financial year	-	5.20

Nature of CSR Activity

Donation of Rs. 7.85 made to Prime Minister's National Relief Fund (as specified in Schedule VII of the Companies Act, 2013) on 28th March 2025 out of which balance carried forward amount Rs. 5.20 included in CSR expense of Rs.11.95.

Donation of Rs.6.75 made to Sewa Bharti Diagnostic & dialysis Centre for treatment (Medical Care), diagnostics and dialysis.

41. Additional regulatory information required by Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013

- i. The Company does not have any benami property held in its name. No proceedings have been initiated on or are pending against the Company for holding benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and Rules made thereunder.
- ii. The Company has not been declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or other lender or government or any government authority.
- iii. The Company does not have any charges or satisfaction of charges which is yet to be registered with Registrar of Companies beyond the statutory period.
- iv. The Company has not traded or invested in Crypto currency or virtual currency during the year.
- v. There is no income surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in tax assessments under the Income-tax Act, 1961 (such as search or survey), that has not been recorded in the books of account.



PAJSON AGRO INDIA LIMITED**Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the period ended 30th September 2025****(All amounts are in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)**

- vi. The Company has not advanced or loaned or invested funds to any other person or entity, including foreign entities ('Intermediaries') with the understanding that the Intermediary shall:
- directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ('Ultimate Beneficiaries') or
 - provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
- vii. The Company have not received any fund from any person or entity, including foreign entities (Funding Party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Company shall:
- directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ('Ultimate Beneficiaries') or
 - provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
- viii. Basis the management's assessment, it has been concluded that the Company has made no transactions with struck-off companies under Section 248 of the Companies Act, 2013 or section 560 of the Companies Act, 1956. Further, there are no outstanding balances at balance sheet date with struck-off companies.

42. Summary of quarterly Submissions to Banks and its comparison against books of accounts.

Quarter Ended	Name of Bank	Particulars provided	Amount as per Books	Amount reported to banks	Amount of difference	Reason for material Discrepancies
June-25	Kotak Mahindra Bank	Stock + Book Debts	7819.60	7790.51	29.09	The difference in book debts between the stock statement and unaudited books is due to lower reporting of receivables in the stock statement
Sep-25	Kotak Mahindra Bank	Stock + Book Debts	8793.36	8790.34	3.02	Difference due to stock statement submitted to bank on the basis of unaudited books.



PAJSON AGRO INDIA LIMITED

Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the period ended 30th September 2025
(All amounts are in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

43. Compliance with Number of Layers of Companies:

The company is in compliance with the number of layers prescribed under clause (87) of section 2 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Restriction on number of Layers) Rule, 2017(as amended).

44. Compliance with Approved schemes of Arrangements:

No scheme of Arrangements has been approved by the Competent Authority in terms of section 230 to 237 of the Companies Act,2013.

45. Changes in Accounting Estimates

There are no changes in accounting estimates made by the company during the year.

46. Changes in Accounting Policies

There are no changes in accounting policies made by the company during the year.

47. The Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) has prescribed a new requirement for companies under the proviso to Rule 3(1) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014, inserted by the Companies (Accounts) Amendment Rules, 2021 requiring companies, which uses accounting software for maintaining its books of accounts, shall use only such accounting software which has a feature of recording audit trail of each and every transaction, creating an edit log of each change made in the books of account along with the date when such changes were made and ensuring that the audit trail cannot be disabled.

The Company has used an accounting software for maintaining its books of account. During the current financial year, the audit trail (edit log) at the application level (entered from the frontend by users) for the accounting software was enabled and operated for all relevant transactions recorded in the software. The database of the said accounting software is hosted on cloud and is managed by a third-party service provider. Company does not have any information with respect to the feature of audit trail (edit log) at the database level of the said software.



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PAJSON AGRO INDIA LIMITED

Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the period ended 30th September 2025
(All amounts are in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

48. The Company was converted from a private limited company to a public limited company on 8th February 2025, in accordance with the applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013. Pursuant to such conversion, the Company has reconstituted its Board of Directors to ensure compliance with the requirements applicable to a public company, including the appointment of the requisite number of independent directors, as mandated under Section 149 of the Companies Act, 2013 and relevant rules thereof. The board of the company consist following members:-

Name	Designation
Mr. Aayush Jain	Chairman & Managing Director
Mr. Pulkit Jain	Additional Director
Mrs. Anjali Jain	Whole time Director
Mr. Jayesh Bhagia	Director (resigned w.e.f September 05,2025)
Priyanka Devi	Independent Director
Mr. Prince Wadhwa	Independent Director
Mr. Ajit Kumar	Chief Financial Officer (w.e.f 17 th June 2025)
Roopal Saxena	Company Secretary (w.e.f 17 th June 2025)

49. The Company has not opted the Normal tax rate of the Income Tax Act, 1961. Hence, MAT assets are not recognised.

50. Previous year figures have been re-grouped / recast, wherever necessary to confirm the current period classification.

These are the notes to the financial statements referred to in our report of even date.

For **P. K. Maheshwari & Co.**
Chartered Accountants
Firm's Registration No.: 000977N




Gunjan Audichya
(Partner)
Membership No. 555184

UDIN: 25555184BMJNEJ2901
Date: 18-11-2025
Place: New Delhi

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of
Pajson Agro India Limited


Aayush Jain
Chairman & Managing Director
DIN: 09323690


Ajit Kumar
Chief Financial Officer
PAN - BBAPK0349A


Anjali Jain
Whole Time Director
DIN: 09323689


Roopal Saxena
Company Secretary
M. No. A69189

